AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please AMEND claims 14 and 21-26, as shown below.

The following is a complete list of all claims in this application.

1. (Withdrawn) A manufacturing method of a molybdenum-metal alloy nitride layer by a reactive sputtering using argon gas and nitrogen gas as a reactive gas mixture:

wherein a target for the reactive sputtering is made of molybdenum alloy comprising a metal of 0.1 to less than 20 atm %, and inflow amount of the nitrogen gas is at least 50% of the inflow amount of the argon gas.

- 2. (Withdrawn) The method of the claim 1, wherein the metal is one selected from the group consisting of tungsten, chromium, zirconium and nickel.
- 3. (Withdrawn) A molybdenum-metal alloy nitride layer manufactured by the method of claim 2.
 - 4-5. (Canceled)
- 6. (Withdrawn) A manufacturing method of a wire for a liquid crystal display comprising the steps of:

depositing a first layer made of either molybdenum or molybdenum alloy on a substrate;

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depositing a second layer made of either molybdenum nitride or molybdenum alloy nitride by using reactive sputtering; and

patterning simultaneously the second and the first layers.

7. (Withdrawn) The manufacturing method of claim 6, wherein a target for the reactive sputtering is made of either molybdenum or molybdenum alloy, and

the molybdenum alloy comprises one selected from tungsten, chromium, zirconium and nickel of 0.1 to less than 20 atm %

- 8. (Withdrawn) The manufacturing method of claim 7, wherein a reactive gas mixture for the reactive sputtering includes argon gas and nitrogen gas, and the inflow amount of the nitrogen gas is at least 50% of the inflow amount of the argon gas.
- 9. (Withdrawn) The manufacturing method of claim 8, wherein the thickness of the second layer is 300 Å to 1,000 Å.
- 10. (Withdrawn) A manufacturing method of a wire for a liquid crystal display comprising the steps of:

depositing a first layer made of either molybdenum nitride or molybdenum alloy nitride by using reactive sputtering;

depositing a first layer made of either molybdenum or molybdenum alloy on a substrate; and

patterning simultaneously the second and the first layers.

11. (Withdrawn) The manufacturing method of claim 10, wherein a target for the reactive sputtering is made of either molybdenum or molybdenum alloy, and

the molybdenum alloy comprises one selected from tungsten, chromium, zirconium and nickel of 0.1 to less than 20 atm %.

- 12. (Withdrawn) The manufacturing method of claim 11, wherein a reactive gas mixture for the reactive sputtering includes argon gas and nitrogen gas, and the nitrogen gas inflow amount of the nitrogen gas is at least 50% of the inflow amount of the argon gas.
- 13. (Withdrawn) The manufacturing method of claim 12, wherein the thickness of the first layer is 300 Å to 1,000 Å.
- 14. (Currently Amended) A liquid crystal display thin film transistor (TFT) panel, comprising:

an insulating substrate;

- a gate wire formed on the substrate and comprising a gate line, a gate electrode and a gate pad, wherein the gate wire comprises a first main layer and a first supplementary layer;
 - a gate insulating layer covering the gate wire;
 - a semiconductor layer formed on said gate insulating layer;
- a data wire formed on the semiconductor layer comprising a data line, a source electrode and a drain electrode, wherein the data wire comprises a second main layer and a second supplementary layer;

a passivation layer formed on the data wire and the gate wire and having a first contact hole extended to the gate pad and a second contact hole extended to the drain electrode; and

a transparent conductive layer formed on the passivation layer and connected to the gate pad through the first contact hole and the data wire through a the second contact hole,

wherein at least one of the gate wire and the data wire comprises a main layer and a supplemental layer, and

the first supplemental layer <u>is</u> and the second supplemental layer are substantially inert to an etchant used for etching the transparent layer for preventing the gate pad <u>and or</u> the data wire from being eroded by the etchant.

15-17. (Canceled)

18. (Withdrawn) A manufacturing method of a liquid crystal display comprising the steps of:

forming a gate wire on a substrate;

forming a gate insulating layer on the gate wire;

forming a semiconductor layer on the gate insulating layer;

depositing a first layer made of either molybdenum or molybdenum alloy;

depositing a second layer made of either molybdenum nitride or molybdenum alloy nitride by reactive sputtering method;

patterning simultaneously the second layer and the first layer to form a data wire and a supplementary data wire;

forming a passivation layer on the data wire or the supplementary data wire; and

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forming a pixel electrode made of ITO.

19. (Withdrawn) The manufacturing method of claim 18, wherein a target for the reactive sputtering is made of either molybdenum or molybdenum alloy, and

the molybdenum alloy comprises one selected from tungsten, chromium, zirconium and nickel of 0.1 to less than 20 atm %.

- 20. (Withdrawn) The manufacturing method of claim 19, wherein a reactive gas mixture for the reactive sputtering includes argon gas and nitrogen gas, and the nitrogen gas inflow amount of the nitrogen gas is at least 50% of the inflow amount of the argon gas.
- 21. (Currently Amended) The liquid crystal display TFT panel of claim 14, wherein the transparent conductive layer is formed of indium tin oxide (ITO).
- 22. (Currently Amended) The liquid crystal display TFT panel of claim 21, wherein the transparent conductive layer comprises:
 - a gate ITO layer connected to the gate pad through the first contact hole; and a pixel electrode connected to the drain electrode through the second contact hole.
- 23. (Currently Amended) The liquid crystal display TFT panel of claim 14, wherein the first main layer and the second main layer comprises metal or a metal alloy.

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- 24. (Currently Amended) The liquid crystal display TFT panel of claim 23, wherein the first supplementary layer and the second supplementary layer comprises metal nitride or metal alloy nitride.
- 25. (Currently Amended) The liquid crystal display <u>TFT panel</u> of claim 24, wherein the <u>first</u> supplementary layer and the second supplementary layer further comprise comprises one selected a group consisting of tungsten, chromium, zirconium and nickel.
- 26. (Currently Amended) A liquid crystal display thin film transistor (TFT) panel, comprising:

an insulating substrate;

a gate wire formed on the substrate and comprising a gate line, a gate electrode and a gate pad, wherein the gate wire comprises a first main layer and a first supplementary layer;

- a gate insulating layer covering the gate wire;
- a semiconductor layer formed on said gate insulating layer;
- a data wire formed on the semiconductor layer comprising a data line, a source electrode and a drain electrode, wherein the data wire comprises a second main layer and a second supplementary layer;

a passivation layer formed on the data wire and the gate wire and having a first contact hole extended to the gate pad and a second contact hole extended to the drain electrode; and

a transparent conductive layer formed on the passivation layer and connected to the gate pad through the first contact hole and the data wire through the second contact hole,

wherein at least one of the gate wire and the data wire comprises a main layer and a supplemental layer, and

the first main layer and the second main layer comprises metal or a metal alloy, and the first supplementary layer and the second supplementary layer comprises metal nitride or metal alloy nitride.